Exploring Diversity Within The Animal Care and Use Program – Part II
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March 20, 2018
4:30 – 5:45 p.m.
Drs. Jarrell, Jackson and Stemwedel have no relevant personal/professional/financial relationship(s) with respect to this educational activity.
Today we will offer attendees an interactive experience where we will:

- **Discuss** the benefits and challenges around diversity in IACUC committees and workplaces, and structures and practices needed to help reap the benefits of diversity and inclusion.
- **Expand** on “Why Diversity Matters” in the biomedical community.
- **Examine** mechanisms/reflections to help increase diversity competencies at an institution.
- **Explore** training strategies that engage committee members in fostering inclusion.
- **Provide and practice** using a “toolbox of skills” for communication and problem-solving amongst diverse IACUC administrative, committee and research personnel.
Introduction to Active Learning

How People Learn

J. Bransford, National Research Council 1999

Interagency Collaborative Animal Research Education (ICARE)

ICARE Train-the-Trainers Institute
July 14-17, 2016 and August 11-14, 2016 - Potomac, MD

Systematic Approach to Improving IACUC Training and Function in the USA
Science of Learning

“Science” of Learning


- Audio-visual
- Demonstration
- Discussion
- Lecture
- Practice
- Reading
- Teaching each other

learner is active

teaching each other

practice

discussion

demonstration

audio-visual

reading

lecture

Av Retention Rate of Content

0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100

1 2 3 4 5 6 7

Instructor is active

Learner is active
**IACUC Diversity – What Are The Benefits?**

Think-Pair-Share Exercise:

**THINK:** How diverse is your IACUC membership? (2 minutes)

**PAIR (3/group):** Discuss with the neighbor to your left the diversity of your IACUC, the benefits that you see due to that diversity, and the challenges of that diversity; summarize/prioritize those benefits and challenges. (5 minutes)

**SHARE:** Select a spokesman to share 1-2 benefits and 1-2 challenges that you have identified (5 minutes/group)
Unconscious bias:

Unconscious bias refers to a bias that we are unaware of, and which happens outside of our control. It is a bias that happens automatically and is triggered by our brain making quick judgments and assessments of people and situations, influenced by our background, cultural environment and personal experiences.

Examples
- Recruitment of staff
- Workload allocation
- Meeting schedules
How Do I Develop “Diversity Competency”? Recognition & Reflection

Stereotypical bias and Threat

Stereotypical bias are beliefs about attributes that are thought to be characteristic of members of particular groups.

Stereotypical threat - situational predicament in which people are or feel themselves to be at risk of conforming to stereotypes about their social group.

Examples:
- Asians are smarter in math
- African Americans are better athletes
- Men are smarter in STEM areas than women
Organizational culture matters

- Benefits of “diversity” are really benefits of *inclusion*.
- Individual “diversity competency” is necessary but not sufficient.
- Diversity initiatives that don’t shift organizational cultures to be more inclusive won’t succeed.

“Diversity Fatigue”
What is “organizational culture”?

- “Rules of the game” — what behaviors and styles are preferred, accepted, discouraged, rejected.
- Impacts who feels welcome, empowered to contribute.
- **Not** always a result of conscious decisions. (“The way it’s always been.”)
- Often the culture is *invisible* to people who have been in it for a long time.
- Susceptible to change (though often not without effort).
Organizational culture can impact:

- Who feels IACUC oversight is applied fairly
- Who is willing/able to serve on the IACUC
- Who is comfortable asking for help
- Who is comfortable sharing concerns

Are we fostering an environment where people are treated fairly and are able to ask for help or share concerns?

- How can we tell?
- If we’re not, how can we fix it?
Who can help your organizational culture?

- I.O.
- Chief Diversity Officer/Human Resources
- Users of your Animal Care Program (including investigators, veterinary staff, research staff, students, IACUC members)
  - Surveys
  - Focus groups
Where organizational culture meets practice

- Do we have clearly articulated procedures? (e.g., protocol submission, protocol review, communication between investigators & IACUC)
- Do we have consistent practices? (How do we share our points of view and solicit input from others? How do we find common ground where there’s disagreement? Who is offered extra support? Who gets extra scrutiny?)
- Who feels current procedures & practices don’t serve them? How can we tell if they’re right?
Diversity Challenges – Why Diversity Matters?

Exercise:

3 Scenarios
- Those Difficult Women
- Am I one of Them?
- Recruiting a new IACUC member

1. Take 10 minutes and discuss your group’s scenario

2. Take 3 minutes/group to report out on:
   * key challenges that your group identified;
   * how might the organizational culture contribute to those challenges;
   * what can the IACUC do to minimize those challenges.
“Those difficult women”

Bob Burns, a man of about 30 with a Ph.D. from an elite research university, is a new professor in the Biology Department. As he tries to get his research lab established, he has submitted a large number of protocols to the IACUC. All of his submissions that have been approved so far have required major revisions; about half of the protocols he has submitted still await the IACUC’s approval.

This week Bob’s patience has run out. In a meeting with his department chair, he vents his anger about the “obstructionist” IACUC. Even through the closed office door, people in the corridor can hear him yell about “those difficult women” on the committee who “just don’t understand cutting-edge research.” As it happens, the IACUC’s membership is currently five women and two men.

The Chair of the Biology Department turns up at the office of the IACUC Coordinator (also a woman) and conveys Bob’s complaint. The IACUC Coordinator tries to explain the main issues the IACUC has had with Bob’s protocols (including overly technical narratives copied and pasted from his grant applications, plus an apparent lack of understanding of how much space and support staff the animal care program can provide for the animals Bob wants), but the chair cuts her off. “Fix this,” he says.
Am I one of them?

At a weekly meeting, the supervisor of the animal care staff discusses upcoming teaching laboratory activities for which the animal care staff will be providing support. The supervisor reminds the staff that these activities present special challenges “because you’re not just handling the animals, you’re also handling the students.” When describing a blood draw the groups of students will need to perform with rats, the supervisor comments, “Be on the lookout for students getting queasy. Those South Asian girls drop like flies in this lab.”

One of the newer members of the animal care staff, a young woman of Bangladeshi descent, shifts uncomfortably in her seat but is silent.
Recruiting a new IACUC member

The IACUC’s field scientist member is retiring after many years, and the IACUC Chair is eager to line up a replacement for him. He reaches out to Carl Cleveland, an assistant professor in the Environmental Studies Department, a young ecologist who has three active protocols for field studies of waterfowl. Since Carl’s submissions to the IACUC have been models of clarity, the Chair believes he would be a good addition to the committee. As a bonus, Carl would be the first IACUC member from the Environmental Studies Department in about a decade.

When the IACUC Chair visits Carl’s office to extend the invitation, however, Carl’s response is somewhat curt. “I’m trying to stay on top of my research and grant-writing so I can get tenured, and I just can’t take on more,” he says. “Frankly, I’m pretty burned out from being the token black member of so many committees at this university.” Despite a very diverse student population at the university, IACUC’s current membership is entirely white.
Trainwreck
Lisa is a student employee of the animal care staff who is in the last year of her Biology B.S. She is also applying to vet schools.

Lisa has a tense relationship with the university’s Attending Veterinarian. In their first encounter, the AV came into the vivarium … mistook Lisa for a member of the janitorial staff and demanded to know how she gained access to the room. Lisa was wearing the same blue scrubs worn by other members of the animal care staff, and wondered if the AV assumed she was a janitor because she is Latina.

Today, Lisa had another encounter with her as the AV swept into the vivarium to get mice for a training protocol. Lisa noticed… that the AV was actually taking mice needed for a research protocol rather than taking the mice designated for the training activity, but when she conveyed this to the AV, the AV snapped and called her stupid.

Before she could stop herself, Lisa snapped back. “I am not stupid! I’m smart enough to read a cage-card, and I’m smart enough to be applying to vet school!”

The AV retorted, “Well, I’m sure you’ll get in to vet school, but that doesn’t mean you’re smart, just that you’re an affirmative action admit.”
“Trainwrecks”

* Communication and Problem-Solving Challenges

Activity

**Group 1:** How could this *trainwreck* be avoided?

**Group 2:** What can be done as the *trainwreck is occurring*?

**Group 3:** What can be done after the fact/ *trainwreck*?
Hopefully Now You Can

- **Realize** some of the benefits and challenges around diversity in IACUC committees and workplaces.
- **Appreciate** unconscious/stereotypic biases.
- **Understand** “Why Diversity Matters” in the biomedical community.
- **Recognize** how organizational structure can impact inclusion.
- **Utilize** some of the “toolbox of skills” for communication and problem-solving amongst diverse IACUC administrative, committee and research personnel.
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<td>Advanced Train the Trainer Institute</td>
<td>May 7</td>
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<td>ICARE Academy (2 day)</td>
<td>May 8-9</td>
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<td>ICARE Academy (2 day)</td>
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Information and registration available through the OLAW website or at https://grants.nih.gov/grants/olaw/interagency_icare.htm or directly from Susan Silk at silks@nih.gov and 301-402-4371
A great big THANK YOU